

moving to Canada until he promised to build them a castle with a view of Lake Ontario. This site fit the bill perfectly, because it had previously been used for a fortificaton during the War of 1812. It had a clear view

Strong-willed Louisa complained that the professor left books all over the house, and went out too often in the evenings. Sir John A. wrote back, scolding her for disobeying doctor's orders, exerting herself by climbing stairs, etc. In spite of the tensions, the two lived here

for almost a decade. Louisa died in this house at the age of 70.



Sir John A. Macdonald had two sisters: Margaret and Louisa. Margaret married Professor James Williamson, and soon her invalid sister, Louisa, came to live with them. Then Margaret died. Sir John A's career kept him away from Kingston for much of the time, leaving Louisa and the professor to get along as well as they could. It wasn't easy.

later, in 1920, Angus succumbed to diabetes. He is buried in St. Michael's Cemetery in Toronto. In 1985 the property was purchased and converted for bed-and-breakfast accommodations, now the Hochelaga Inn.

# 134 EARL ST - JOHN A MACDONALD

remained unmarried and lived in this house for the rest of their lives. Eleanor was 47 when she died of heart failure, and about three years

This house was built in 1879 for a lawyer named John McIntyre who was connected by marriage to the family of Sir John A Macdonald. Around 1901 it was purchased by the Bank of Montreal, and by 1908 the bank manager, Angus MacDonell, was living here with his younger sister Eleanor. They both

10 24 SYDENHAM ST - MCINTYRE

1857 he sold the property, and later residents included a minister, a broker, and a series of doctors. (The castle is a private residence, so please remain on the sidewalk.)

where he pursued a successful career as an architect. In 1859 Stewart moved to Ottawa and still later to St. Louis Missouri,

#### NONNIXJAM - T2 MAIJJIW 002

builder by trade, but served more than 20 sew 9H .nonniyjelvi njenney jneegjed -ftef2 bəmen nemstoo2 e sew məhf gnomA over the years to a series of tenants. born architect James Stewart and rented

World War I. He died at Kingston General Hospital in 1935. non served with the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Force during Lachlan was born, and four years later another son, Keith. Sgt Mackinonly lived here for a year or two, around 1901. The next year, their son years with the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery. He and his wite Frances

## 203 WILLIAM ST - KNIGHT

.3t.) In payment for designing that building, Robinson building (corner of Princess and Ontario including Kingston City Hall and the Smith some of Kingston's most prominent buildings, by architect George Browne who also designed Criginally a single dwelling, this was built in 1841

societies that came from Dumbartonshire in 1821. Dr. Knight served as grandtather, Archibald Paterson, led one of the Scottish emigration 1875-1891, number 203 was the home of Protessor A.P. Knight, whose a preparatory school. It was divided into two dwellings in 1862. From worked here until 1844, when Queen's College bought it for classes and Browne received the lot on which this house was built. He lived and

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to about 1912 with his wife Clara, two daughter and one son.

here briefly, and later worked as a domestic cook for a family in

Manhattan. She died in Stormont, Ontario in 1920 at the age of 82.

MORE

If you enjoyed this tour, please pick up a copy of

**TOUR TWO** 

St. Andrew's - Skeleton Park

108 EARL ST - HERMISTON

MIN

### 119 EARL ST - REV MACGILLIVRAY

elebnennA and bne "amoH tromIA" neewted yewavinb and to team of a plaque on it. It you look carefully, you can see it on William Street just All that remains of the old Chalmers Church is a tragment of stone with

The plaque is on private property, so please stay on the sidewalk. .sınəmıneqe

This was the home of Rev. Malcolm MacGillivray,

who was the minister of Chalmers Church and

coast of Scotland in 1845. Soon afterward, his

In 1891, this was the home of Mrs. Ellen

married a Scottish widower named Robert

Hermiston. He was the pilot of a steamer called

the Grecian, and the father of six children from

## **2** 73 SYDENHAM ST - MCKAY

Following in the footsteps of his father (who was . Canada in 1840 when he was three years old. John McKay was born in Scotland, and came to



stone building just east of the current Cambodi-St. and later on Brock St. near Montreal St., in the business selling furs and leather, first on Princess also called John McKay) he ran a successful

about 1888 into the 1920s, and raised four children here. ana Restaurant. John McKay Junior and his wite lived in this house from

#### ТЯАWЭТ2 - Т2 МАІЈІШ 281 【

the next stop on our walking tour. Stewart was who also built 200-202 William Street, which is This was the home of architect lames Stewart



innovation. There were no other houses like this in Kingston at the time. design and two colours of brickwork in his personal residence were an Customs House at the corner of Clarence and King Streets. The Italian



and served as its rector.

7.MA IN

Il'9W. church of Canada, he refired from Chalmers. We'll After being elected Moderator of the Presbyterian three years later. He served for another 23 years. and saw it through the move to this new location MacGillivray became the 5th minister of Chalmers, Church (1851-1890). In 1887, Rev Malcolm

Earlier, we saw a stone from the early Chalmers

Сћигсћ еvery week. United Church of Canada. Services are still held here at Chalmers United rians, Methodists and Congregationalists joined together to form the learn more about him later in the walking tour. In 1925, the Presbyte-

**ТА СНАЕМЕРА СНИВСН СОЯМЕЯ ОF ВАЯRIE & EARL ST** 

helped to organize the famous Women's Medical College in Kingston

faculty at Queen's. During the time he lived at 203 William Street he

headmaster of Kingston Collegiate Institute, and later on the medical

From about 1883 until 1899 this was the home

Kingston. When the Rowlands moved into this

house, their son John was about 13, and Agnes's

widowed mother, Elizabeth Smart, was living with

was a collector for Inland Revenue here in

them as well. The Smarts had emigrated from

Several romantic stories are told about this

Donald McIntosh around 1852. He was from

Glasgow, and some say that his family resisted

unique property, which was built for the family of

Dundee, Scotland around 1843, when Agnes was just a baby. For a time

they lived in Port Hope, and then moved to Kingston. In January 1899,

eventually living in Toronto with her son and his wife. After her depar-

ture, this house became the home of prominent two Kingston archi-

tects--first William Newlands and later Thomas Power.

**14 SYDENHAM ST - MCINTOSH CASTLE** 

Agnes's husband died of an abcess and she moved away from Kingston,

of Agnes Rowland and her husband Fleming, who

**160 EARL ST - AGNES SMART ROWLAND** 

## 7 J61 EARL ST - ROBERTSON



.(now Bethel Congregational Church). church dispute, Benjamin joined 24 others in torming a new congregagregationalist church at Johnson and Wellington Streets. In 1874, after a northeast coast of Scotland in 1852. They were members of the Con-



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2 - 17 years old. Just a year after their marriage, he died of heart disease. Ellen raised the family on her own, while running a boarding house on Wellington Street. She lived

📕 Hermiston, an indomitable woman who raised six stepchildren on her own. In about 1868, she had

family came to Kingston. He graduated with an MA from Queens in 1874 and became the 5th minister 🖥 at Chalmers in 1887. He lived here from about 1900



# Central Library Neighbourhood **LOUR ONE**

SCOTTISH

WALKING TOUR

TOUR ONE CENTRAL LIBRARY NEIGHBOURHOOD

I hank you for your consideration! remain on the sidewalk and respect the privacy of residents. Please be aware that many of the stops are private homes;

#### Turn left on Bagot Street. main doors, and turn left on Johnson Street. Begin and end at the Central Library. Exit the

#### TS MAIJIW 811 AAAN JUDAJA SAAMJAHD

(Chalmers) and an Irish church (Cooke's). two new congregations: a Scottish church ported the new Free Church of Scotland started Princess and Clergy Streets.) Those who sup-Scotland stayed at St. Andrews Church (corner of tradition of having ministers appointed in minister. In Kingston, those who followed the tion should have the right to choose its own the main issues was whether a local congrega-In 1843, a crisis split the Scottish Church. One of

later in this walking tour (Stop 6). years, until a new Chalmers Church building opened in 1890. We'll see it opened here on William Street. Services were held here for about 40 tion held its worship services at City Hall. In 1851, a newly-built church For about 4 1/2 years, the Chalmers congrega-



