Financial Statements of

KINGSTON FRONTENAC PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD

Year ended December 31, 2021

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Year ended December 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Kingston Frontenac Public Library Board

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Kingston Frontenac Public Library Board (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021
- the statement of operations and municipal equity for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net financial liabilities for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial liabilities, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Kingston, Canada

KPMG LLP

May 18, 2022

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021		2020
Financial assets:				
Cash on hand	\$	1,040	\$	1,060
Investments (note 2)	,	20,267	•	27,658
Accounts receivable		420		341
Due from the Corporation of the City of Kingston (note 4)		_		623,014
Due from County of Frontenac		14,246		80,180
		35,973		732,253
Financial liabilities:				
Accrued liabilities		17,170		12,800
Accrued vacation pay		40,878		51,162
Accrued payroll		24,469		19,553
Deferred revenue		16,698		13,540
Due to the Corporation of the City of Kingston (note 4)		69,388		_
Employee future benefit obligations (note 8)		769,800		758,000
		938,403		855,055
Net financial liabilities		(902,430)		(122,802)
Non-financial assets:				
Tangible capital assets (note 7)	3	3,314,437		3,476,448
Prepaid expenses		143,025		175,807
	3	3,457,462		3,652,255
Municipal equity (note 9)	\$ 2	2,555,032	\$	3,529,453

Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget 2021	Actual 2021	Actual 2020
	(note 6)	2021	2020
Revenue:			
Municipal operating contributions -			
	\$ 6,811,820	\$ 6,811,820	\$ 6,631,582
Municipal surplus recovered (note 4)	-	(1,148,964)	(95,339)
Municipal operating contributions -		(1,110,001)	(00,000)
County of Frontenac	886,505	886,505	863,489
Province of Ontario grant	297,138	297,138	297,138
Project grant funding	30,000	40,047	21,262
Sundry	50,000	38,129	23,643
Donations	10,000	24,343	30,634
Rentals, fines and damages recovered	82,465	16,042	48,699
Non-resident fees	9,289	6,357	5,211
Investment income	-	522	561
	8,177,217	6,971,939	7,826,880
- Fynances			
Expenses: Operating:			
Salaries and wages	4,598,351	4,173,868	4,055,182
Fringe benefits	1,465,591	1,330,646	1,272,061
Books and reference materials	902,695	927,476	952,418
Amounts recognized as tangible	302,033	321,410	332,410
capital assets	_	(642,992)	(662,086)
Amortization expense	_	857,340	879,880
Repairs and replacements	495,119	502,622	489,504
Utilities, telephone, fax and internet	347,886	295,234	280,160
Equipment rental and other supplies	194,000	174,420	189,578
Sundry	106,475	131,133	108,236
Education and training	40,600	39,935	37,646
Professional fees	26,500	7,152	19,536
Tolessional less	8,177,217	7,796,834	7,622,115
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		(004.005)	004.705
before the undernoted items	_	(824,895)	204,765
Municipal capital contributions - City of Kingston	691,885	46,927	118,700
Municipal capital contributions - County of Frontenac	19,500	5,410	13,148
Return of capital contributions - City of			
Kingston (note 4)	_	(201,863)	_
	744.005	(074.404)	200.040
Annual surplus (deficit)	711,385	(974,421)	336,613
Municipal equity, beginning of year	3,529,453	3,529,453	3,192,840
Municipal equity, end of year	\$ 4,240,838	\$ 2,555,032	\$ 3,529,453

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Liabilities

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Budget		
	2021	2021	2020
	(note 6)		
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 711,385	\$ (974,421)	\$ 336,613
Amortization of tangible capital assets	_	857,340	879,880
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(711,385)	(695, 329)	(771,088)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	· – ´		10,611
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	_	32,782	122,442
Change in net financial liabilities	_	(779,628)	578,458
Net financial liabilities, beginning of year	_	(122,802)	(701,260)
Net financial liabilities, end of year	\$ _	\$ (902,430)	\$ (122,802)

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information 2020

		2021	2020
Operating activities:			
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	(974,421)	\$ 336,613
Items not involving cash:			
Amortization of tangible capital assets		857,340	879,880
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		_	10,611
Accrued vacation pay		(10,284)	15,781
Employee future benefit obligations		11,800	27,500
Net change in non-cash working capital items:			
Accounts receivable		(79)	1,241
Prepaid expenses		32,782	122,442
Due from County of Frontenac		65,934	(60,591)
Due from the Corporation of the City of Kingston		623,014	(521,357)
Accrued liabilities		4,370	(153)
Accrued payroll		4,916	8,028
Deferred revenue		3,158	(48,592)
Due to the Corporation of the City of Kingston		69,388	
		687,918	771,403
Capital activities:			
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(695,329)	(771,088)
Increase (decrease) in cash and investments		(7,411)	315
Cash and investments, beginning of year		28,718	28,403
	•	04.007	 00.740
Cash and investments, end of year	\$	21,307	\$ 28,718
Represented by:			
Cash on hand	\$	1,040	\$ 1,060
Investments		20,267	27,658
	\$	21,307	\$ 28,718

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements of the Kingston Frontenac Public Library Board (the "Library Board") are the representation of management prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Library Board are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity:

These statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the Library Board.

(b) Basis of accounting:

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the period in which transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues; expenses are recognized in the period the goods and services are acquired and/or there is a legal obligation to pay.

(c) Investments:

Investments are comprised of cash and term deposits and are recorded at cost plus accrued interest. If the market value of investments becomes lower than cost and this decline is considered to be other than temporary, the investments are written down to market value.

(d) Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue represents certain grants and donations which have been collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year the services are performed or related expenses incurred.

(e) Employee future benefit obligations:

The Library Board accrues for certain employee benefits which will require funding in future periods. These benefits include life insurance, extended health and dental benefits for early retirees.

The costs of these benefits earned by employees are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of salary escalation, retirement ages of employees, expected health care costs, and long-term inflation rates and discount rates.

For self-insured retirement and other employee future benefits that vest or accumulate over the periods of service provided by employees, such as compensated absences and health, dental and life insurance benefits for retirees, the cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service. Under this method, the benefit costs are recognized over the expected average service life of the employee group. Any actuarial gains and losses, which can arise from changes in actuarial assumptions, are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(e) Employee future benefit obligations (continued):

For those self-insured benefit obligations that arise from specific events that occur from time to time, such as obligations for workers' compensation and life insurance and health care benefits for those on disability leave, the cost is recognized immediately in the period the events occur. Any actuarial gains and losses that are related to these benefits are amortized over a period linked to the specific benefit plan.

(f) Tangible capital assets:

- Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, development or betterment of the asset. The Library Board does not capitalize interest costs associated with the acquisition or construction of a tangible capital asset.
- ii. Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt or transfer with an offsetting amount recorded as revenue.
- iii. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Useful Life - Years
Vehicles	5 to 20
Equipment	5 to 20
Computer equipment	5 to 10
Books and materials	7
Furniture and fixtures	20 to 40

Assets under construction or development are classified as capital works in progress and are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

- iv. When tangible capital assets are disposed of, either by way of a sale, destruction or loss, or abandonment of the asset, the asset's net book value, historical cost less accumulated amortization, is written off. Any resulting gain or loss, equal to the proceeds on disposal less the asset's net book value, is reported on the Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity in the year of disposal. Transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the asset as of the date of transfer.
- v. When conditions indicate that the tangible capital asset no longer contributes to the Library Board's ability to provide services or the value or the future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital asset are less than its book value, and the decline is expected to be permanent, the cost and accumulated amortization of the asset are reduced to reflect the revised estimate of the value of the asset's remaining service potential. The resulting net adjustment is reported as an expense on the Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

- (f) Tangible capital assets (continued):
 - vi. The Library Board has a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. Individual tangible capital assets of lesser value are expensed, unless they are pooled because, collectively, they have significant value, or for operational reasons.

(g) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(h) Other revenues:

Non-resident fees, rentals, fines and damages recovered, investment income, donations and sundry are recognized in the period earned.

(i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Investments:

Investments have a market value of \$20,267 at December 31, 2021 (2020 - \$27,658).

3. Provincial grants:

Certain provincial grants are subject to annual final reviews and approvals by the Ontario Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries. Any adjustments resulting from the review will be reflected in the year of Ontario Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries' approval as an adjustment to provincial grant revenue on the Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity.

4. Due from/to the Corporation of the City of Kingston:

The Library Board is provided with financial, payroll and legal services from the Corporation of the City of Kingston. As at December 31, 2021, the Library Board has an amount due to the Corporation of the City of Kingston of \$69,388 (2020 - receivable of \$623,014) representing the net balance of cash receipts, yearend payroll accruals, disbursements processed on behalf of the Library Board, and accruals for other yearend reimbursements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

4. Due from/to the Corporation of the City of Kingston (continued):

In previous years, the Library Board received funding for capital projects related to assets owned by the Corporation of the City of Kingston. During the year, the Library Board returned the capital receipts relating to prior year closed capital projects of \$201,863 (2020 - \$nil) and surplus funds of \$1,148,964 (2020 - \$95,339).

5. Pension agreements:

The Library Board makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (OMERS) which is a multi-employer plan, on behalf of 68 (2020 - 70) members of its staff.

The plan is a contributory defined benefit plan which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2021 was \$326,404 (2020 - \$310,398) for current service and is included as an expense on the Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity.

As a result, the Library Board does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. The last available report was at December 31, 2021. At that time, the plan reported a \$3.1 billion actuarial deficit (2020 - \$3.2 billion actuarial deficit).

6. Budget figures:

Budget figures reflected on the Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity are based on the 2021 operating budget as approved by the Board of Directors on October 21, 2020.

Capital budgets are established for capital investment in tangible capital assets as well as for non-tangible capital expenditures that are included as expenses on the Statement of Operations and Municipal Equity.

Budget figures have been reclassified for the purposes of these financial statements to comply with PSAB reporting requirements. Amortization was not contemplated on development of the budget and, as such, has not been included in the budget figures reflected on the financial statements.

The chart below reconciles the approved operating budget to the budget figures reported in these financial statements:

	Budget Amount
Approved operating budget revenue	\$ 8,177,217
Approved operating budget expenses	(8,177,217)
Net operating budget expenses	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Budget figures (continued):

The chart below reconciles the approved capital budget to the budget figures reported in these financial statements:

	Budget Amount
Approved capital budget revenue	\$ 711,385
Approved capital budget expenses	(711,385)
Net capital budget expenses	\$ -

7. Tangible capital assets:

	Vehicles	Equipment	Computer equipment	Books and materials	F	urniture and fixtures	2021	2020
Cost								
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 78,577	\$ 445,643	\$ 721,606	\$ 5,076,135	\$	1,445,799	\$ 7,767,760	\$ 7,751,275
Add: Additions	-	6,561	28,225	642,992		17,551	695,329	771,088
Less: Disposals	-	-	-	(680,170)		-	(680,170)	(754,602)
Balance, end of year	\$ 78,577	\$ 452,204	\$ 749,831	\$ 5,038,957	\$	1,463,350	\$ 7,782,919	\$ 7,767,761
Accumulated amortization								
Balance, beginning of year	28,742	271,782	558,644	2,477,345		954,799	4,291,312	4,155,424
Add: Amortization Less: Accumulated	6,548	27,575	54,823	720,081		48,313	857,340	879,880
amortization on disposals	-	-	-	(680,170)		-	(680,170)	(743,992)
Balance, end of year	\$ 35,290	\$ 299,357	\$ 613,467	\$ 2,517,256	\$	1,003,112	\$ 4,468,482	\$ 4,291,312
Net book value of tangible capital assets	\$ 43.287	\$ 152.847	\$ 136.364	\$ 2.521.701	\$	460.238	\$ 3.314.437	\$ 3.476.448

The above table provides additional information on the tangible capital assets and accumulated amortization of the Library Board by major asset class. The following information relates to other valuation and reporting aspects of the Library Board's tangible capital assets.

(a) Write-down of tangible capital assets:

The write-down of tangible capital assets during the year was \$Nil (2020 - \$Nil).

(b) Works of art and historical treasures:

The definition of tangible capital assets specifically excludes gallery collections and other works of art. The Library Board owns a number of paintings, other pieces of artwork artifacts that are displayed in the central building. These assets are not recorded as tangible capital assets and are not amortized.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

8. Employee future benefits:

Extended health care, dental and life insurance:

The Library Board pays certain life insurance benefits on behalf of retired employees as well as extended health and dental benefits for early retirees to age 65. The Library Board recognizes these post-employment and post-retirement costs in the period in which the employees rendered the services. An independent actuarial study of the post-retirement and post-employment benefits was undertaken at December 31, 2019 in order to determine the estimated accrued benefit liability to be reported in these financial statements.

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee groups, which is estimated to be between 11 and 13 years (2020 - 11 and 13 years).

At December 31, 2021, the Library Board's accrued benefit liability relating to post-retirement and post-employment benefit plans is \$769,800 (2020 - \$758,000).

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in estimating the Library Board's accrued benefit obligation for extended health, dental and life insurance are as follows:

Discount rate	3.0% per annum
Inflation rate	3.0% per annum
Salary escalation	3.0% per annum
Dental benefits escalation	5.35% in 2021 decreasing by 0.15% per annum
	to ultimate rate of 4.25% by 2030
Health benefits escalation	6.29% in 2021 decreasing by 0.16% per annum
	to ultimate rate of 4.25% by 2040

Information with respect to the Library Board's post-retirement and post-employment obligations is as follows:

	2021	2020
Accrued benefit liability, January 1 Expense recognized for the period Benefits paid for the period Amortization of actuarial losses	\$ 758,000 78,500 (104,200) 37,500	\$ 730,500 77,500 (87,500) 37,500
Accrued benefit liability, December 31	\$ 769,800	\$ 758,000

The accrued benefit liability at December 31, 2021 includes the following components:

	2021	2020
Accrued benefit obligation Unamortized actuarial loss	\$ 841,100 (71,300)	\$ 866,800 (108,800)
Accrued benefit liability	\$ 769,800	\$ 758,000

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Municipal equity:

		2021		2020
Operating surplus	\$	_	\$	606,879
Reserve and reserve funds:				
Reserves		31,006		25,767
Reserve funds	20,267			27,658
		51,273		53,425
Investment in tangible capital assets:				
Tangible capital assets	3,314,437		;	3,476,448
Unexpended capital receipts	· -		201,863	
	3,3	314,437	;	3,678,311
Unfunded liabilities: Employee future benefit obligations plus accrued				
vacation pay	3)	310,678)		(809,162)
Municipal equity	\$ 2,555,032		\$ 3	3,529,453

10. Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic:

In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization resulting in significant local and global impacts. As of December 31, 2021, the pandemic is ongoing which continues to have the potential to create financial stress on the Library Board.

At this time, the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic presents uncertainty over future cash flows, may cause significant changes to the assets and liabilities, and may have a significant impact on future operations. The Corporation continues to monitor and assess the effect that COVID-19 will have on its operations and financial results.